Measuring the Earth

Unit 2

What is the shape of Earth

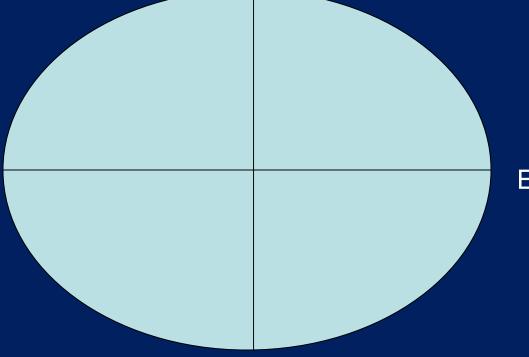
Earth's shape

Oblate Spheroid

(Squished at the poles, bulging at the equator)

**The force of gravity is not equal at all places on Earth.

What is the shape of Earth



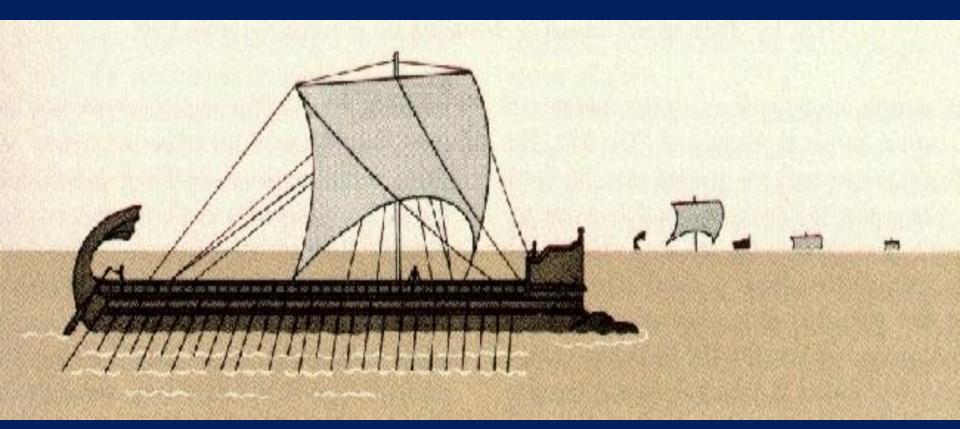
Equatorial Diameter 12,756 Km

Polar Diameter 12,714 Km



How do we know the Earth is a sphere?

Evidence	1) Ships sailing toward the horizon seem to <u>sink below it</u>		
;			





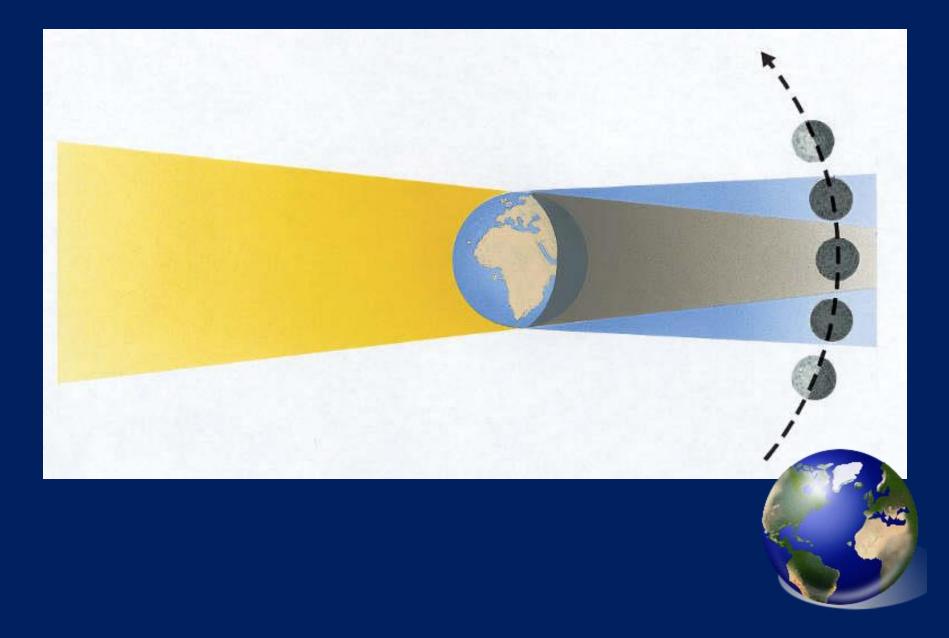
How do we know the Earth is a sphere?

Evidence1) Ships sailing toward the horizonseem to sink below it

2) Altitude of stars change, Polaris can only be seen in the Northern Hemisphere

3) Earth's shadow on the moon during a lunar eclipse is curved.

How a Lunar Eclipse Works



Earth's Shadow on Moon





-The earth's spheres are held together by <u>GRAVITY</u>.

- They are arranged from lowest to highest density moving toward earth's center.



What are the 4 main Spheres of Farth

From Space to the Core

Sphere Name 1)Atmosphere 2) Hydrosphere 3) Lithosphere 4) Earth's Interior

Phases of Matter

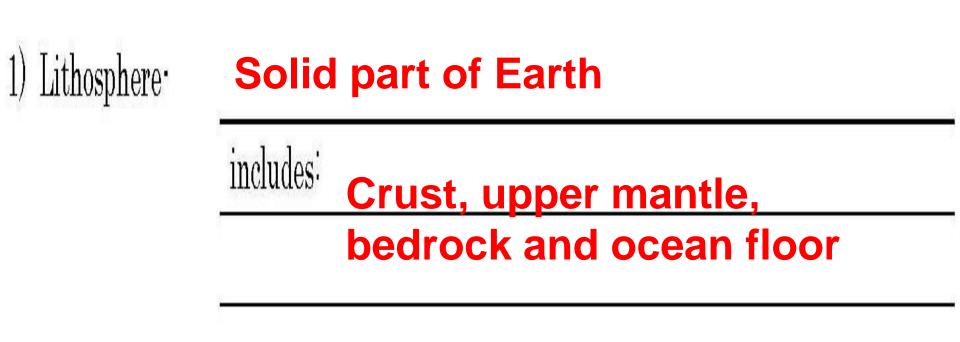
Gas

Liquid

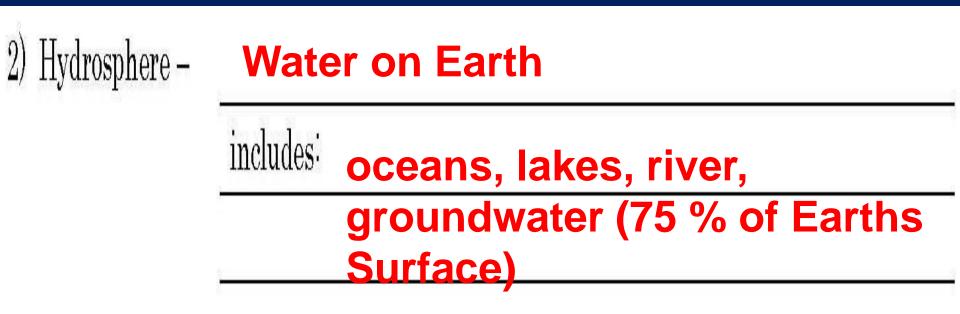
Solid

Mostly solid, some liquid

Spheres of Earth



Spheres of Earth

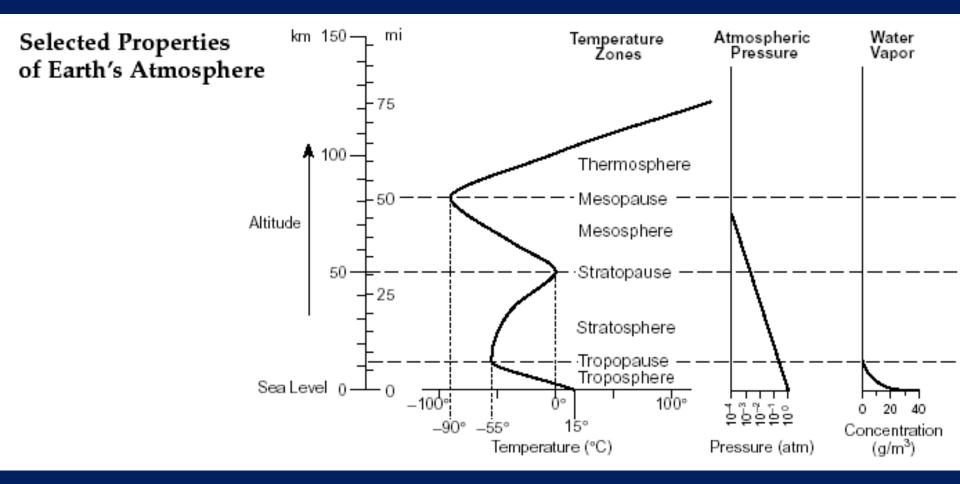


Spheres of Earth



Divided into layers based on composition and temperature

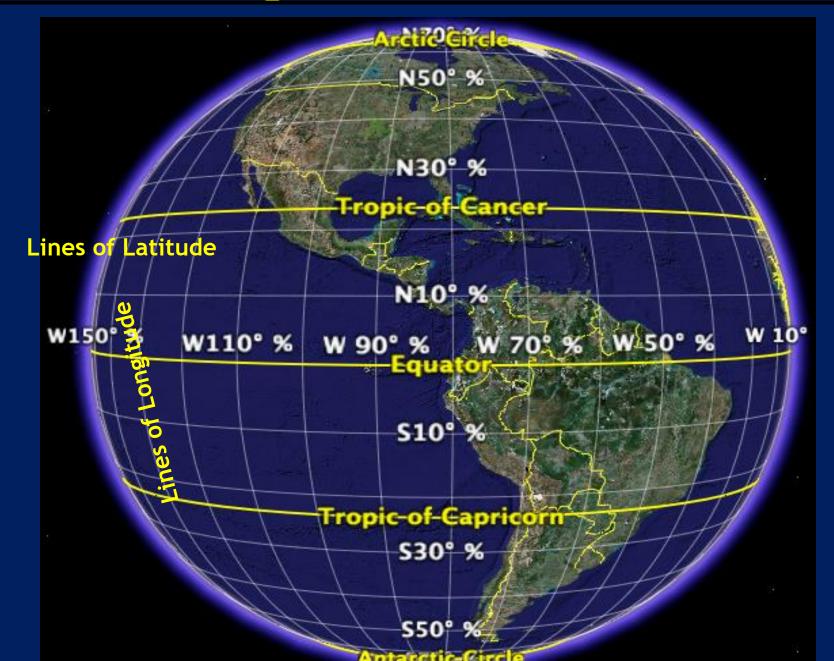
The layers of the Atmosphere (pg 14 in ESRT)



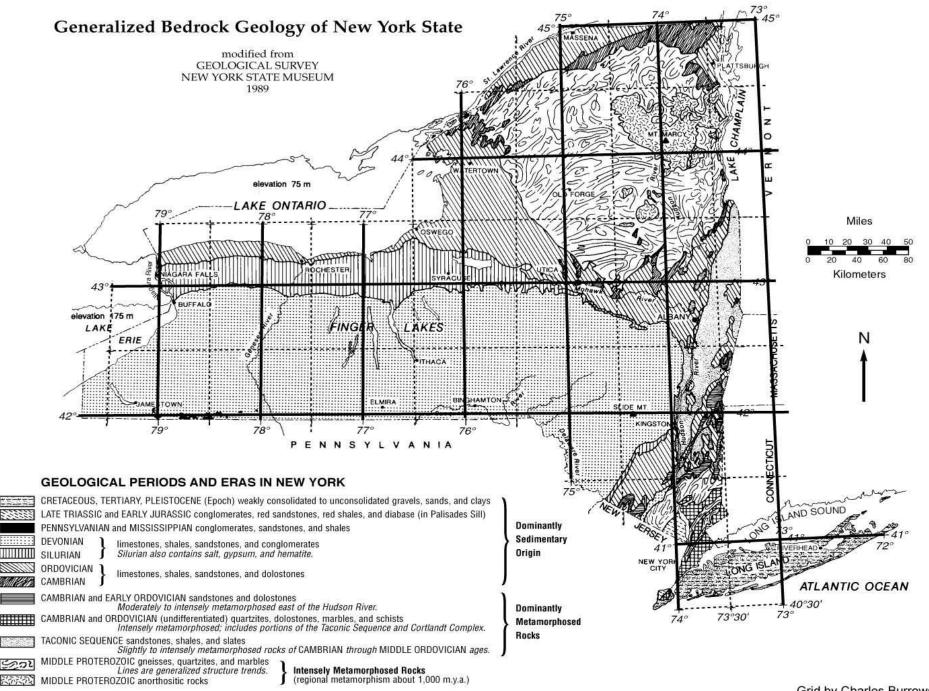
The boundaries of the layers of the atmosphere are called Pauses

Complete notes packet pg 4-6 Watch YouTube Videos: 2.1, ESRT 1a, ESRT 14a

Latitude & Longitude



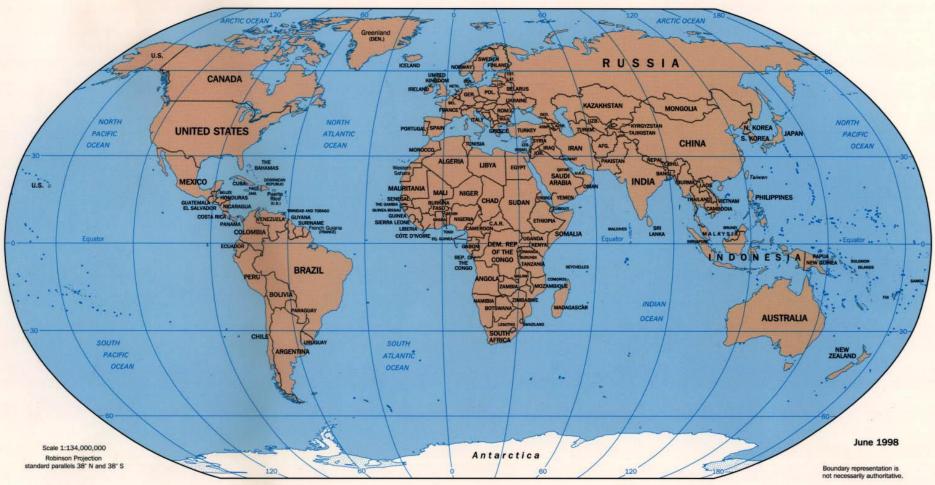
Latitude	Longitude	
Equator	Where is 0°	Prime Meridian
Parallels	Lines are called	Meridians
East and West	Lines run	North and South
Equatorial Polar view view	Appearance	Equatorial Polar view view
N and S of Equator	Lines measure degrees	E and W of Prime Meridian
90 ° N (North Pole)	Highest degree	180 °
90 ° S (South Pole) Altitude of Polaris = Persons North Latit	 Locations on the same longitude have the same time. Earth Rotates 15 ° per hour Time Zones are 15 ° apart 	



Grid by Charles Burrows

- Complete pages 8 9 in packet
- Watch YouTube Videos: 2.2, ESRT 3a

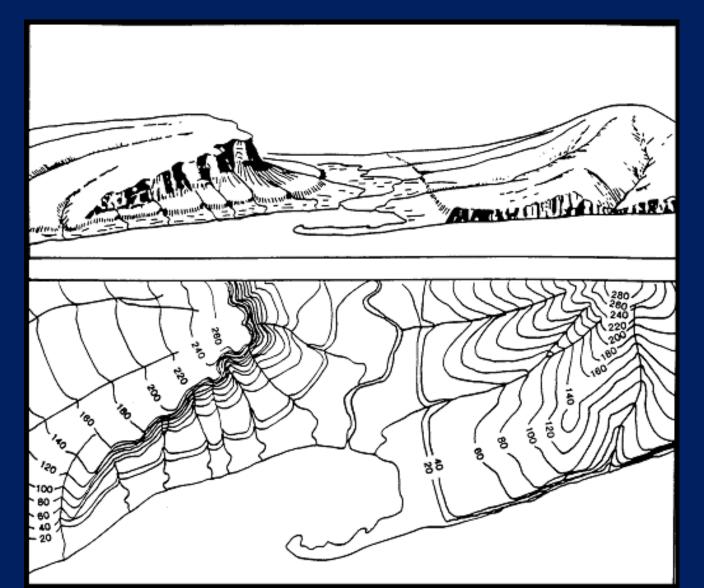


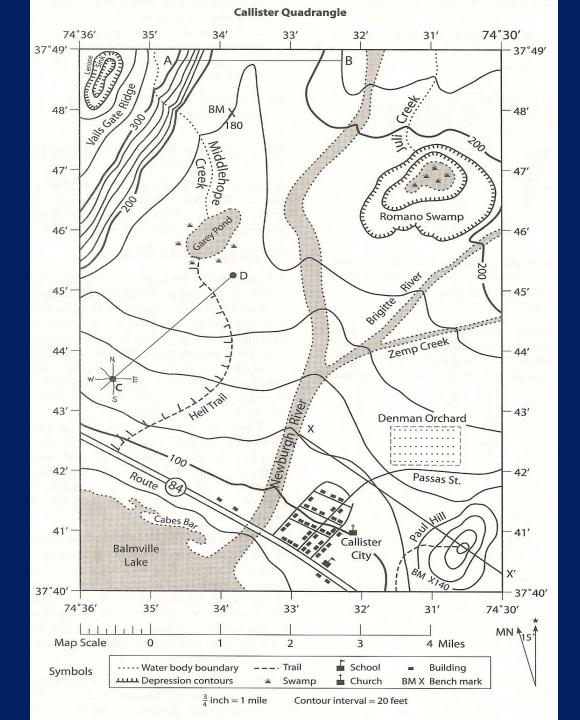


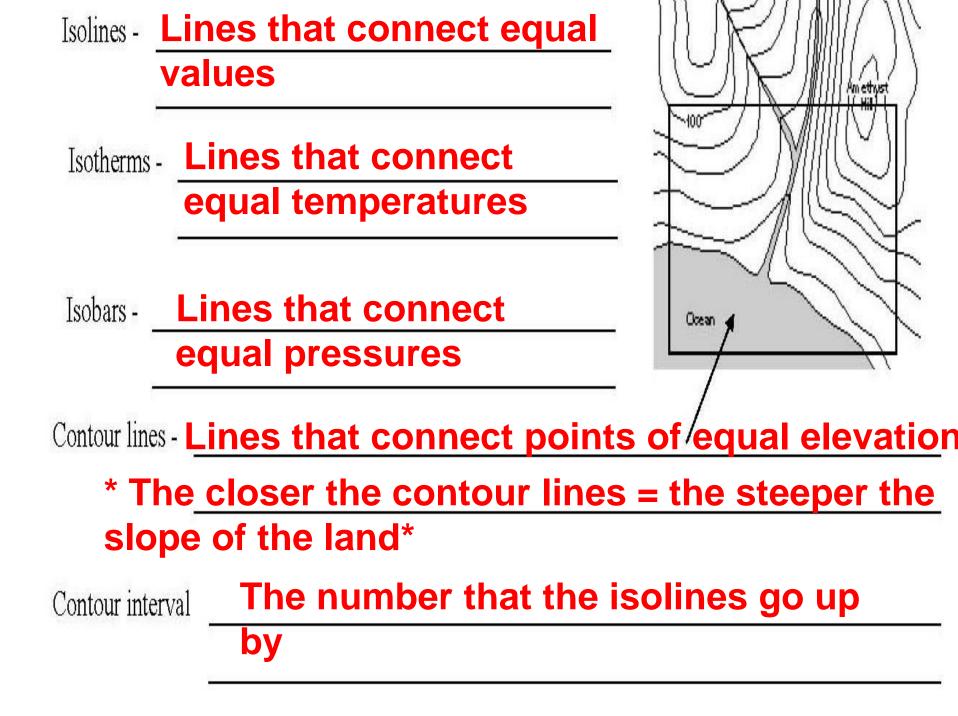
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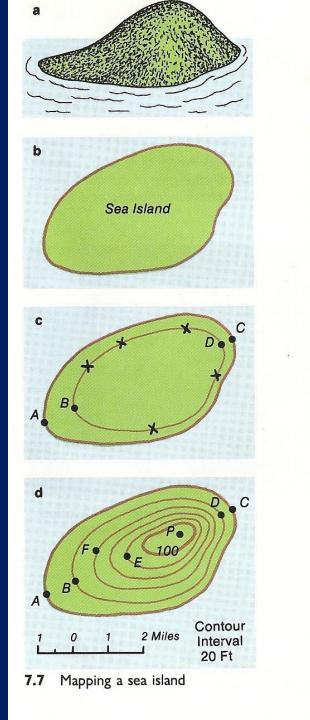
- Complete page 10 -12 in notes packet
- Watch YouTube Videos: 2.2, ESRT 3a



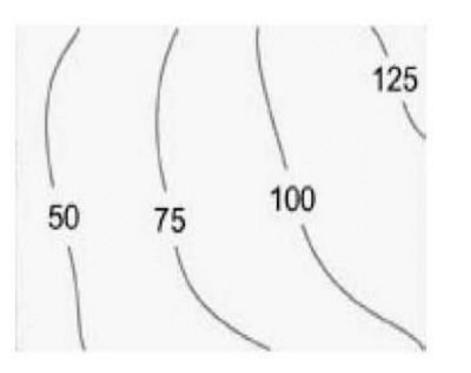






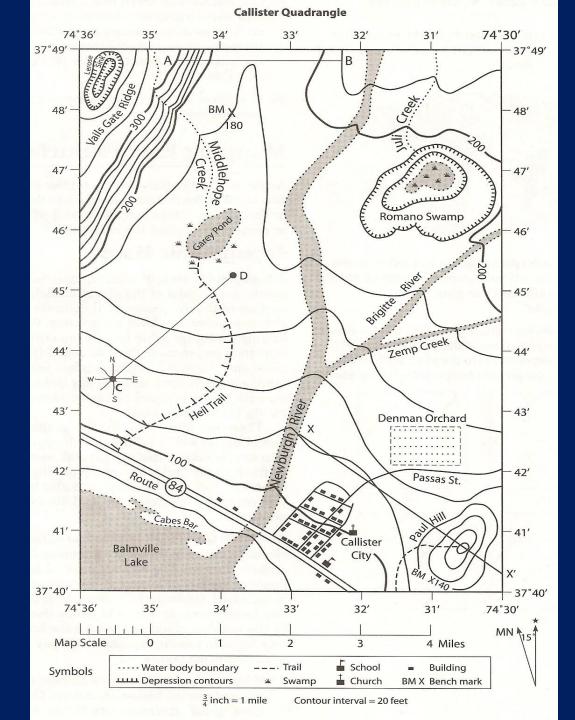


Topographic Naps--Contour Intervals



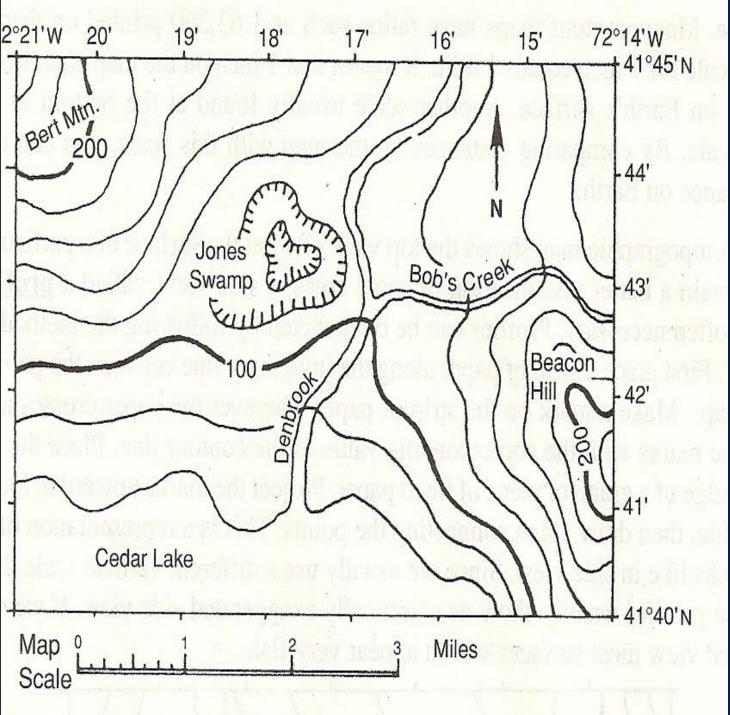
What is the contour interval of this map?





What is the contour interval of this map?

Where is the land the steepest?

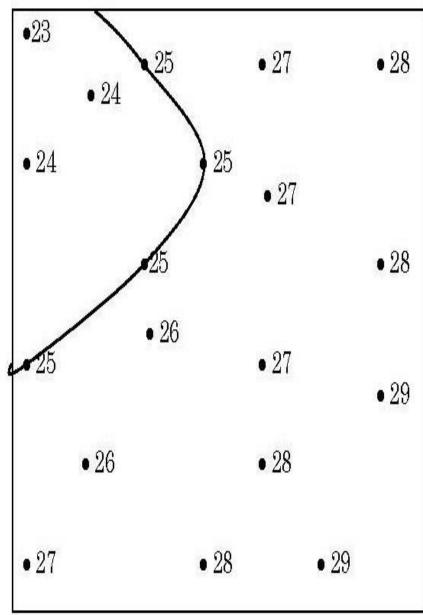


What is the contour interval of this map?

Where is the land the steepest?

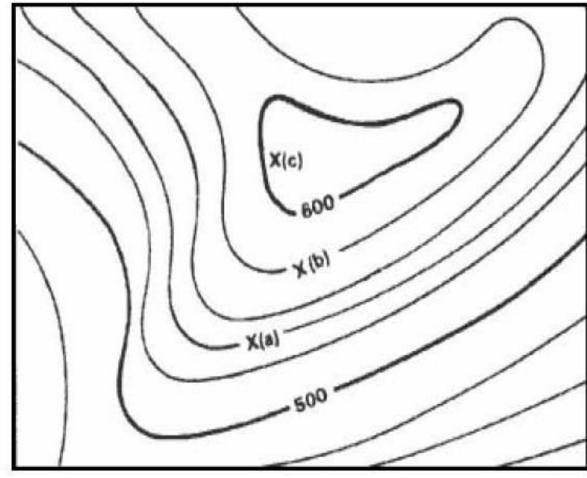
Drawing isolines:

- Try to locate a pattern where numbers may be bunched together
- The 25 isoline has been drawn on the map to the right
- Follow a similar pattern for the line drawn
- When drawing the 26 isoline, make sure it falls between the 25 and 27 values
- Using a pencil, softly draw a line connecting equal values



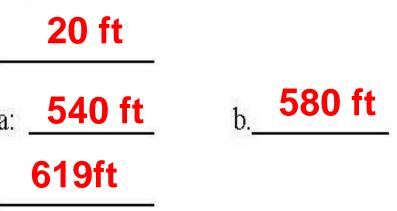
Complete pg 14 in notes packet

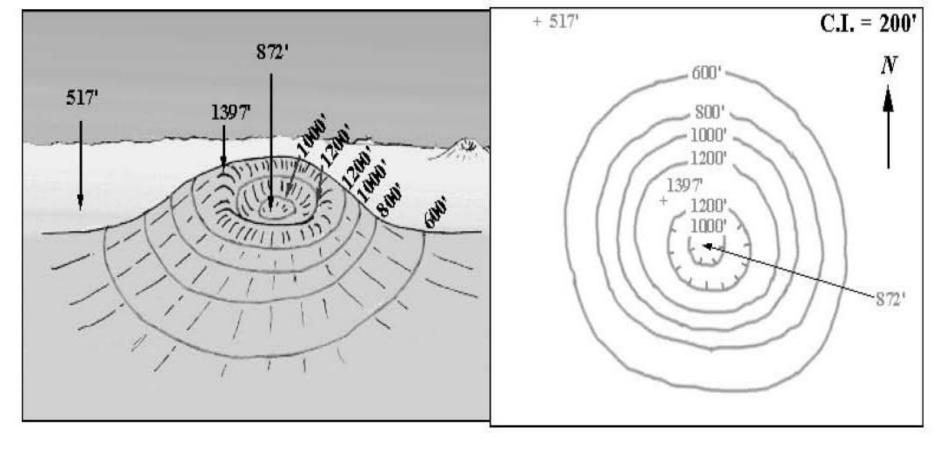
Fact(s) to memorize: 13 - 20 Topographic Maps: N BM •123 0 m 100 200 kilometers 300 400 500 600 Map Scale Shows distance on a map Contour interval What each contour line goes up by. Rule of V: when a contour line crosses a stream it bends (Vis). The bend or V points up hill. Stream flows opposite of the V Direction of stream flow Steepest section contour lines are closest together. Bench mark shows exact elevation Depressions: Show by betchure lines and Rule: First hachard line is the same elevation as the previous contour ling Then go down by The contour interval. Islands Elevation = 0 Highest elevation - what will the next contour like be if your control who one? Suffract one from That. these



For Max Possible Elevation, if you could draw the next contour line what would it be, then subtract 1 from it.

What is the contour interval on this map?20What is the elevation of points (a) and (b)?a: 540What is the maximum possible elevation of (c)?619

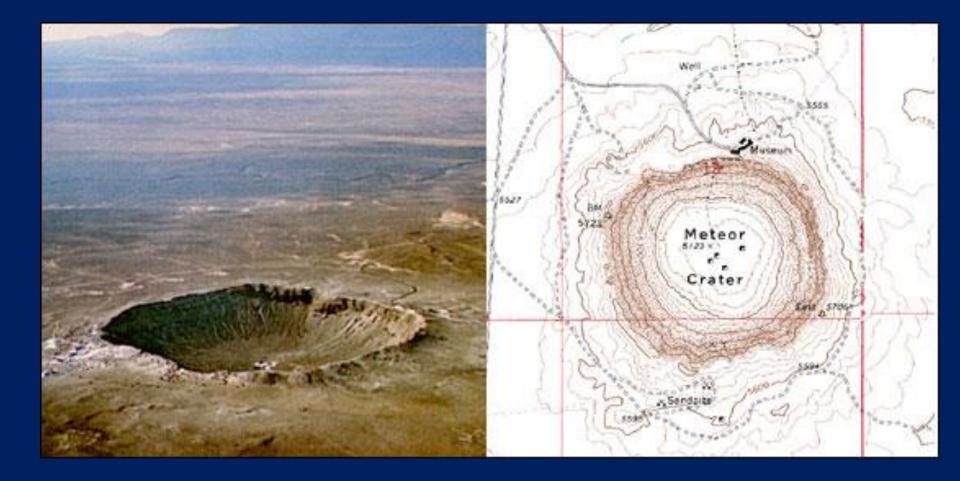


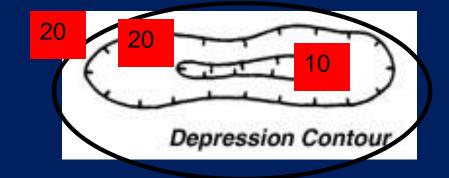


What do hachured lines show? Areas of Depression

What are the rules concerning hachured lines

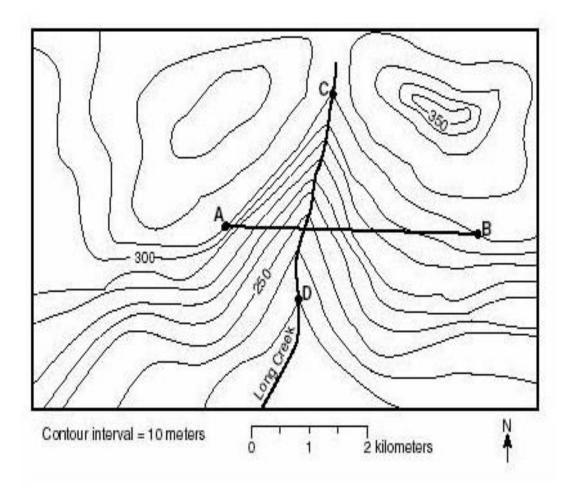
First hachured line has the same elevation as the previous contour line, then go down by the contour interval





<u>What you must know:</u>

When a contour line crosses a river, stream or creek, the contour line forms a "V". The "V" always points *upstream*.



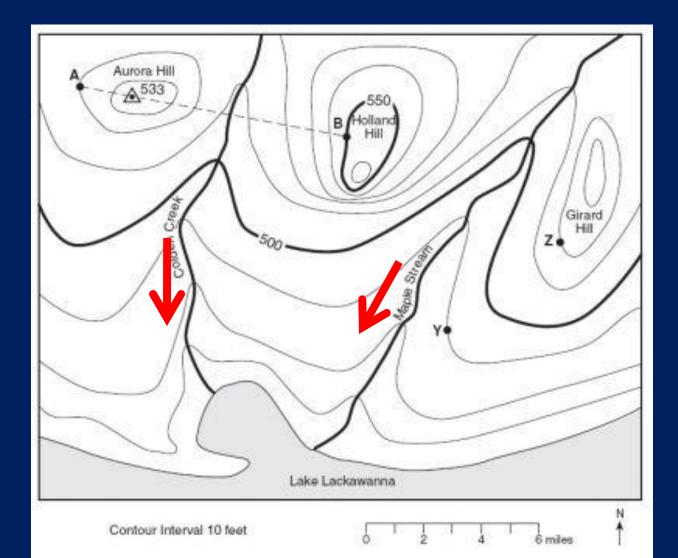
If North is at the top of the page, what direction is Long Creek flowing?

yes



Can a river flow north?

Streams on Topographic maps

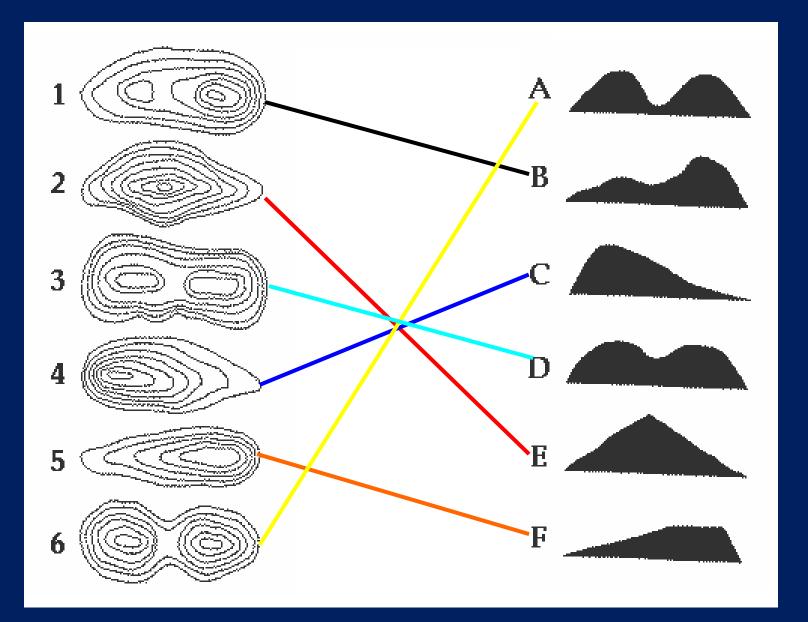


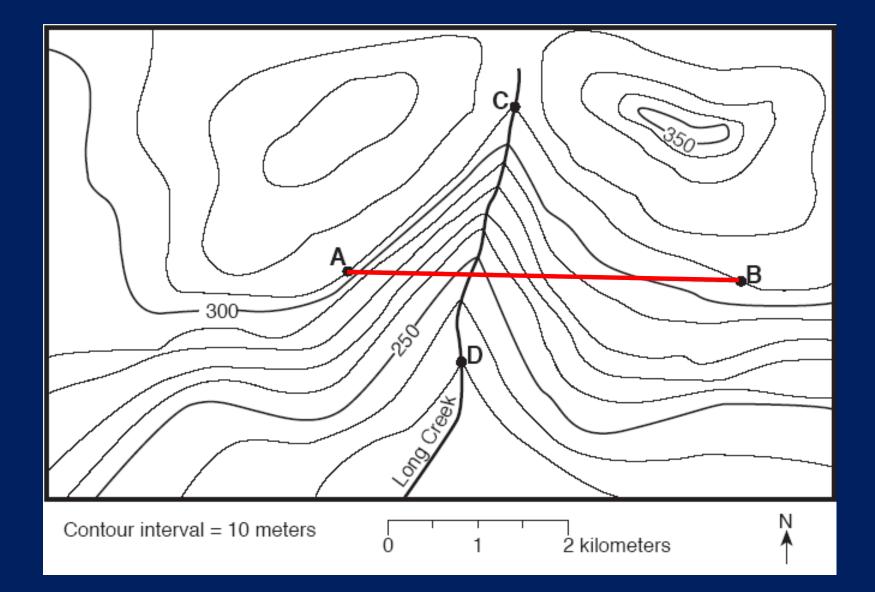
Topographic Profile

• A profile is a....

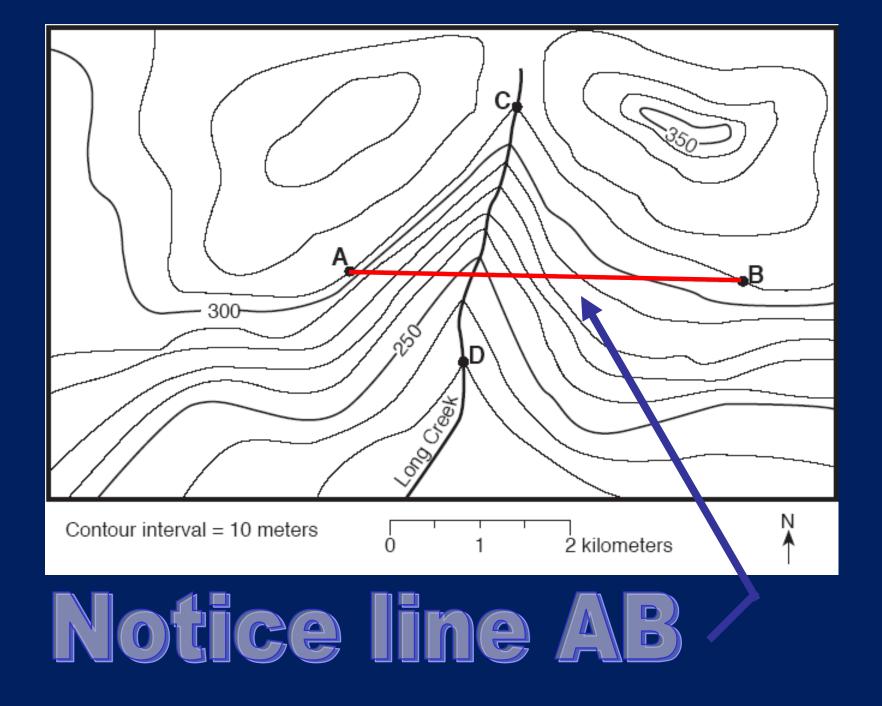
Side view of an area's landscape

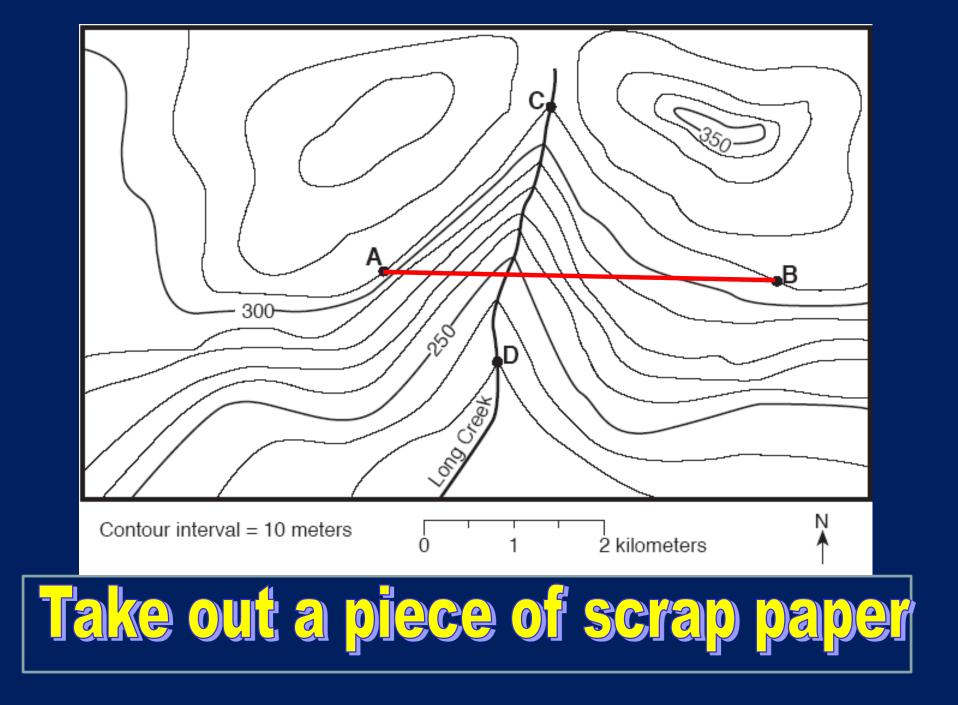
Please match the contour map on the left with the profile on the right.

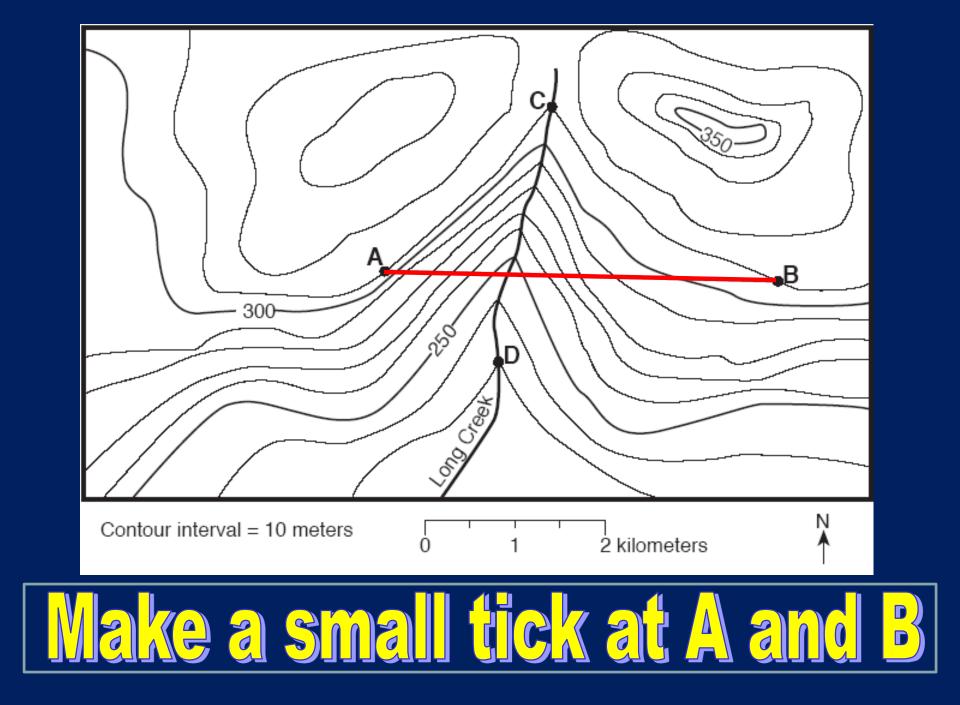


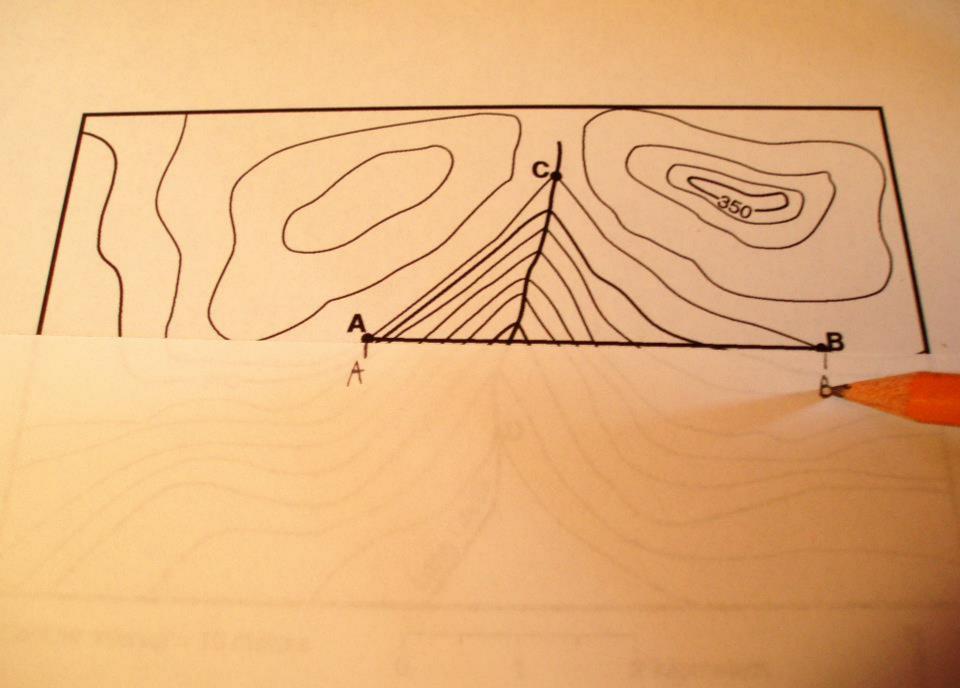


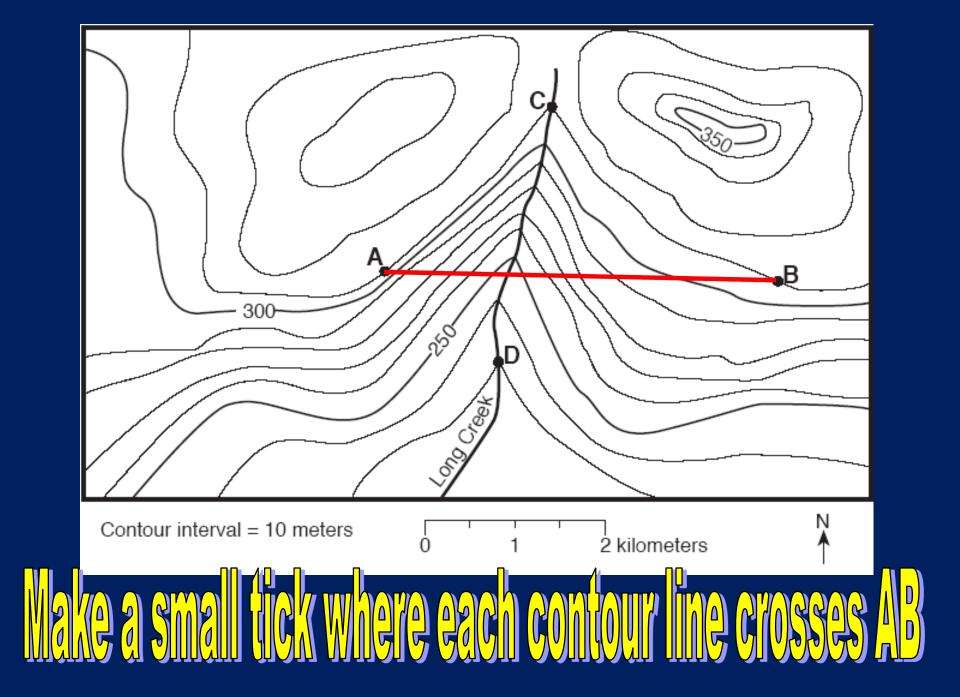
Drawing a Topographic Profile (page 17in notes packet)

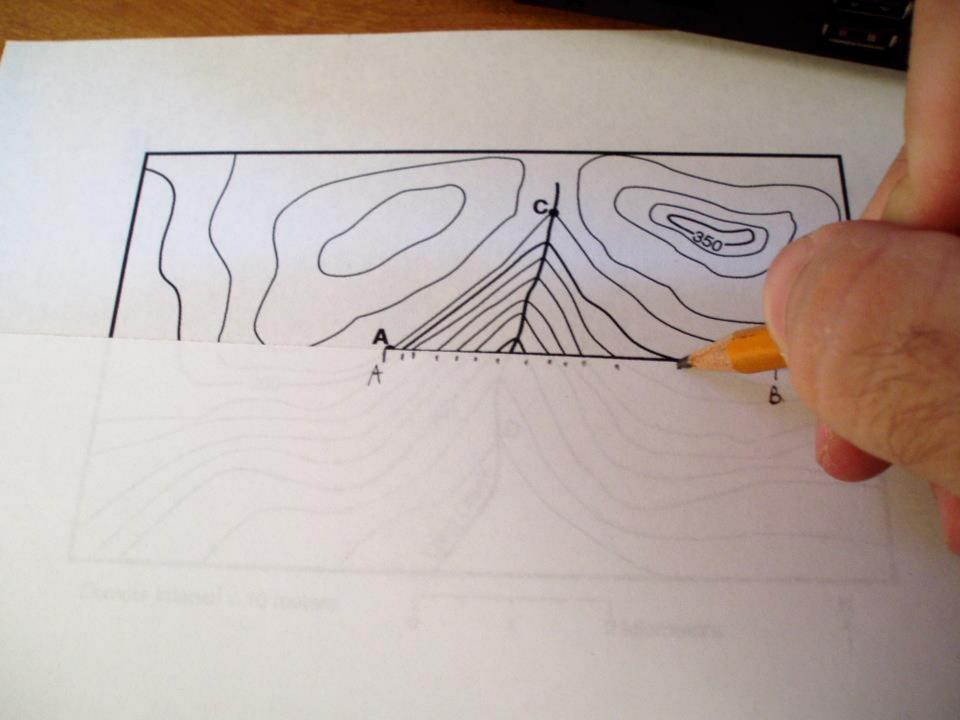






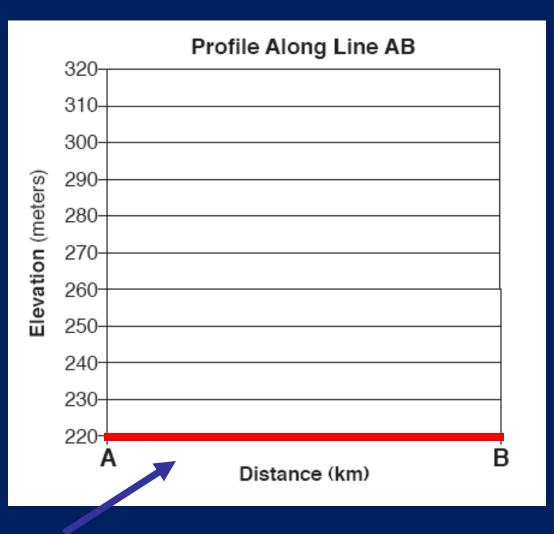


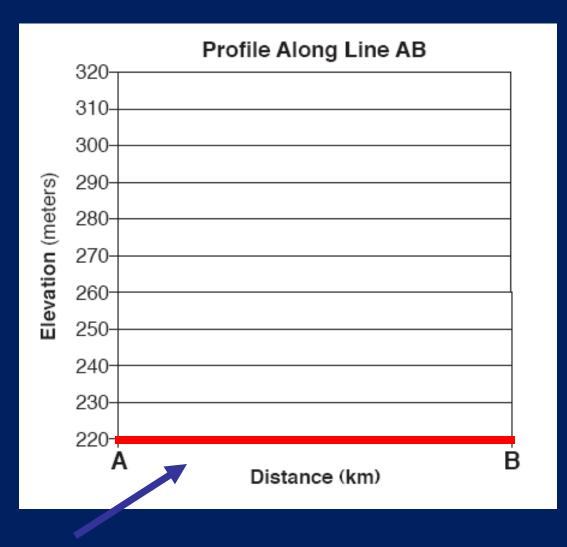




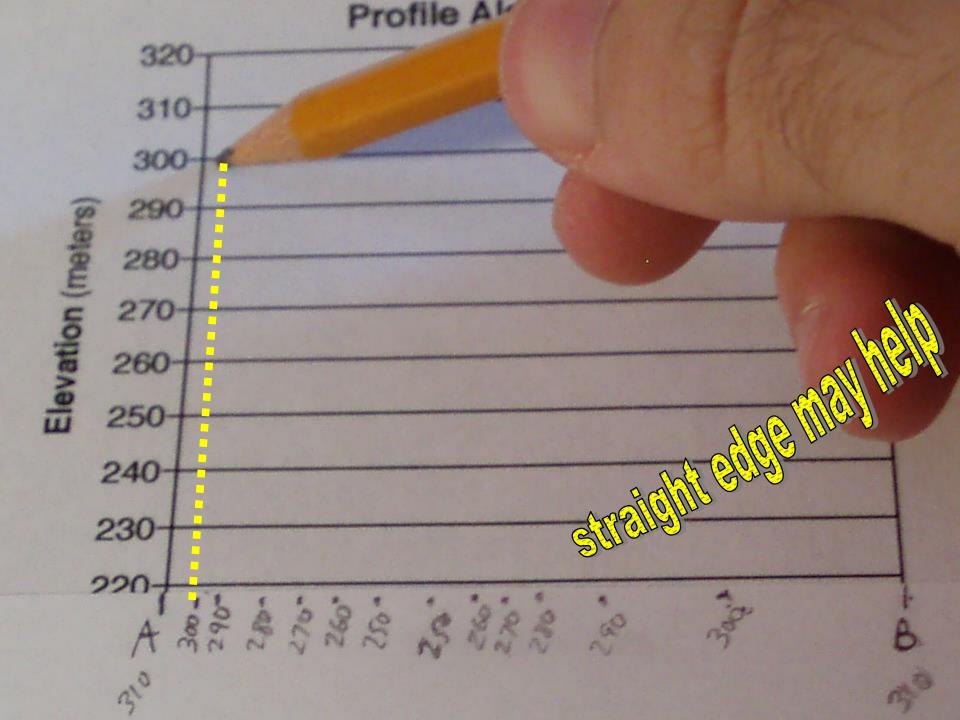
6 0 0 3 Label each tick mark with the correct value!

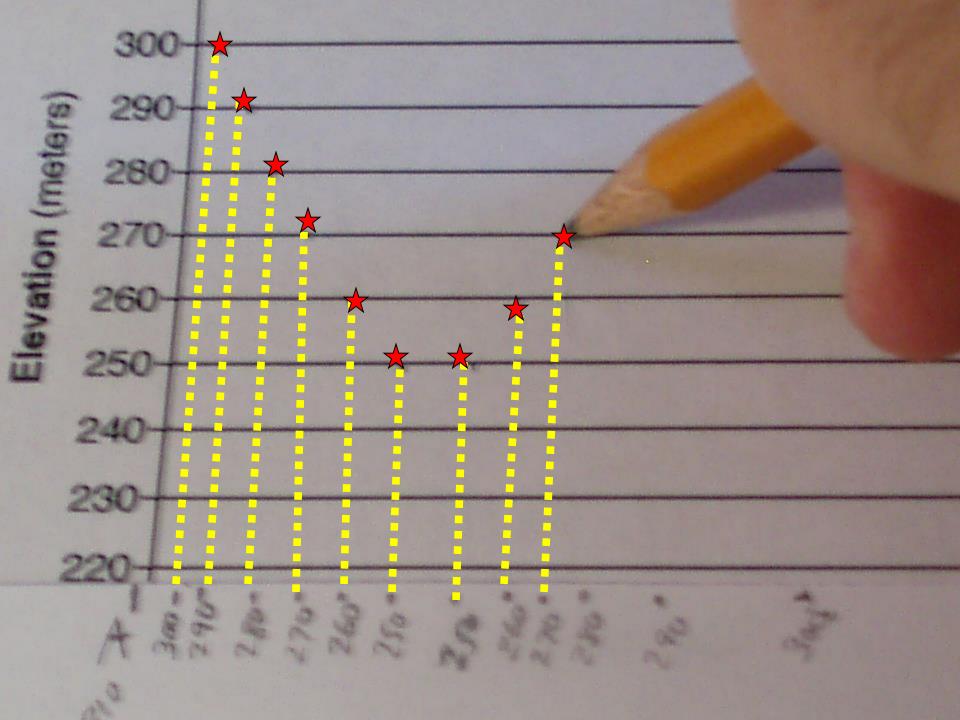
Hold your scrap paper page up to the profile.

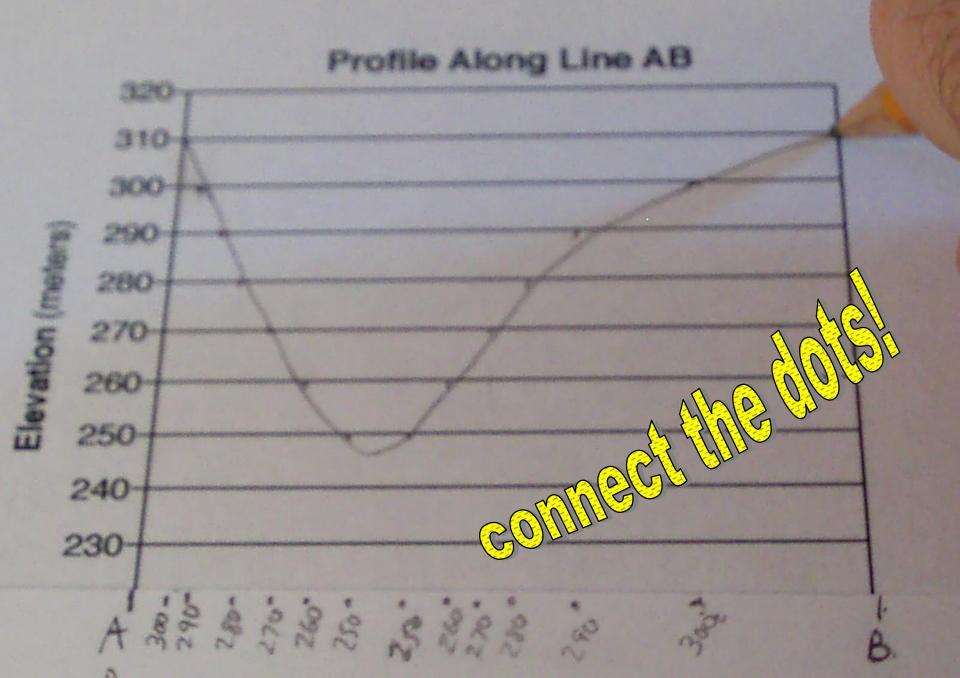


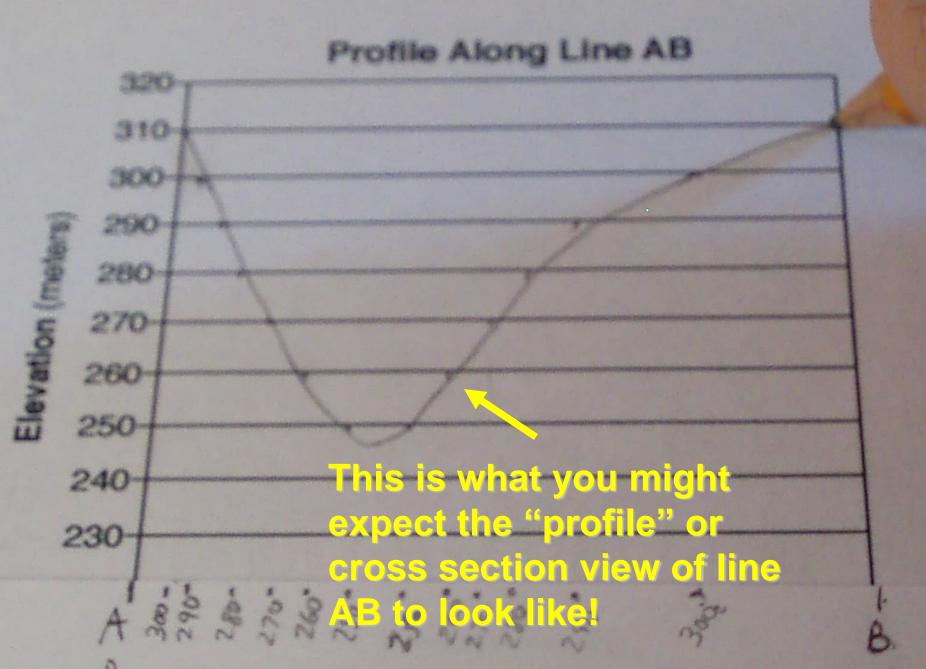


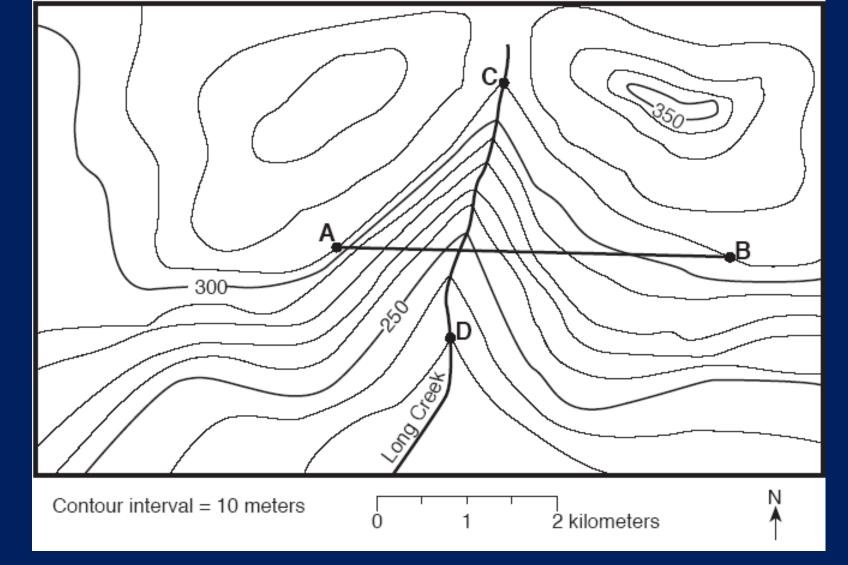
Transfer the tick marks directly onto the profile.











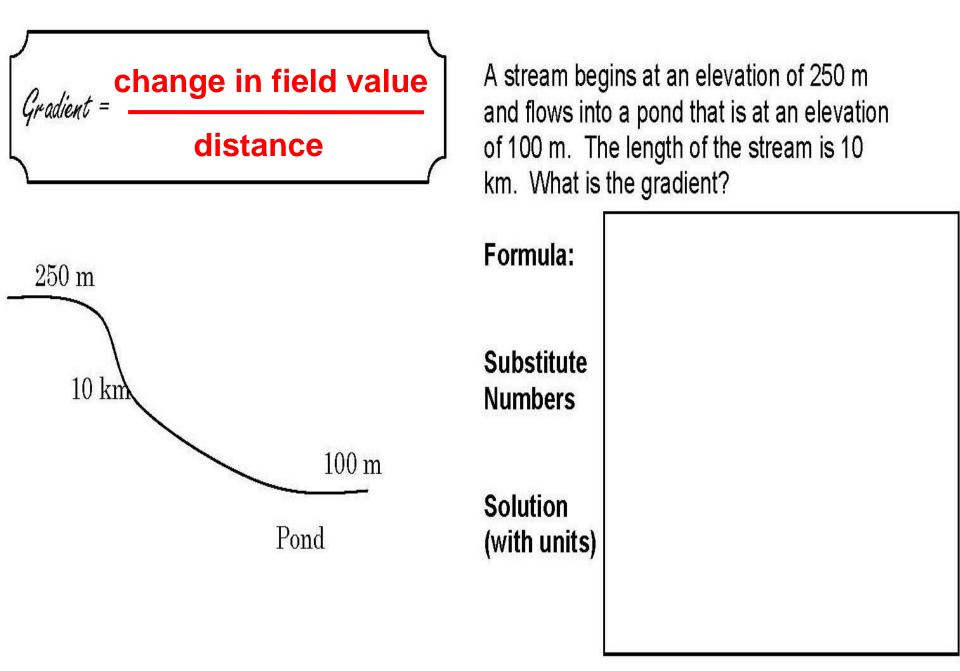
Does it make sense? SURE! There is a creek flowing through this region. Think about where it would flow on your profile. We also recognize the V shaped contour lines that indicate the direction of water flow.

Gradient

SLOPE

Gradient: The rate of change from place to place within the field.

Another name for gradient is _



- Complete pg 19 to 26
- Watch YouTube Videos: 2.3-2,8, ESRT 1b